- 1. Give the solution to each of the following differential equations.
 - (a) y'' + 25y = 0 (b) y'' + 4y' + 4y = 0
- 2. Consider the differential equation $x^2y'' + 2xy' 6y = 0$.
 - (a) For a reason you'll soon see, a good guess for a solution is $y = x^{P}$, where p is a constant. Plug that into the ODE and then factor out an x^{p} and simplify the remaining part.
 - (b) You now have $x^p(stuff) = 0$, which implies that either $x^p = 0$ or stuff = 0. We don't want the first of these, so we solve stuff = 0 to find p.
 - (c) What are the solutions to the ODE?

3. (a) Solve the initial value problem (independent variable t)

$$5y'' + 6y' + 80y = 0, \quad y(0) = 2, \ y'(0) = -6$$

Give your answer in the form $y = Ce^{at}\sin(\omega t + \phi)$ with all numbers in decimal form, rounded to the nearest tenth. (Note that 5.0007 rounded to the nearest tenth is 5.0, not 5! What is the difference?)

- (b) Graph the solution to the IVP on your calculator. Adjust the viewing window to get about three cycles of the motion displayed fairly large. Sketch your graph.
- (c) Graph $y = 2.3e^{-0.6t}$ and $y = -2.3e^{-0.6t}$ together with the solution you graphed in (b). Add them to your sketch *as dashed curves*.
- 4. Solve y'' + 5y' + 4y = 0.