In this assignment you will be trying to find polynomials  $y = a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3 + \cdots$  of various degrees whose graphs go through the points

$$(1,2)$$
,  $(4,5)$ ,  $(6,-3)$ .

- 1. Suppose that we try to find a first degree polynomial y = a + bx whose graph (a line) goes through the three points.
  - (a) Give the system of equations obtained by substituting each of the three ordered pairs into y = a + bx.
  - (b) Give the augmented matrix for your system and the result when you *rref*. What is it telling you, in terms of obtaining the equation of a line through the three points? Answer with a complete sentence.
- 2. Now we'll try to find a second degree polynomial  $y = a + bx + cx^2$  whose graph (a parabola) goes through the three points.
  - (a) Give the system of equations obtained by substituting each of the three ordered pairs into  $y = a + bx + cx^2$ .
  - (b) Give the augmented matrix for your system and the result when you *rref*. What is it telling you, in terms of obtaining the equation of a parabola through the three points? Answer with a complete sentence.
- 3. Finally, we'll attempt to find a third degree polynomial  $y = a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3$  through the same points. Begin by doing parts (a) and (b) of Exercise 1, but for this third degree polynomial. You can see that there are infinitely many solutions!
  - (c) Give the general solution to the system. There should be one free variable to make it easier to talk about, let's all use t for the free variable.
  - (d) Substitute your a, b, c and d into  $y = a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3$  to get a polynomial in the variable x, but with the additional parameter t. Give that polynomial, with the constant term and each of the coefficients of  $x, x^2$  and  $x^3$  in parentheses.
- 4. For this exercise you will use a web graphing utility called *Desmos*. Find it at www.desmos.com and choose "Start Graphing" when you get there.
  - (a) On the first line enter the three points as ordered pairs separated by commas. You will see large dots appear at each of the three points.
  - (b) Enter your polynomial from 3(d), with parentheses around the expressions for a, b, c and d. Click the little t that shows up in the blue box with add slider: next to it.
  - (c) At this point you should see a curve going through the three points. If you work the slider, you will see the graph of the polynomial change, but every graph passes through the three points! Sketch **two separate graphs** of what you see when t = -0.3 (you can type in the value of t rather than using the slider) and t = 0.3.
  - (d) What happens to the graph when t = 0? (Write a sentence!) Give the equation when t = 0 and tell where you've seen it before.