

# Integration

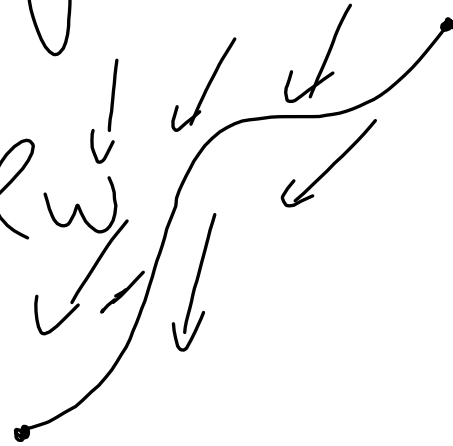
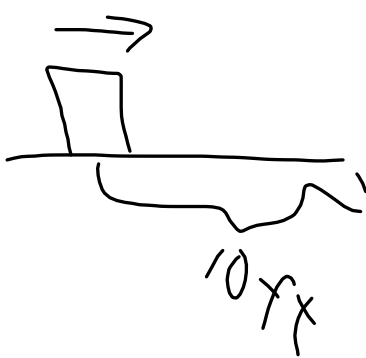
$$W = Fd$$

$$W = PV$$

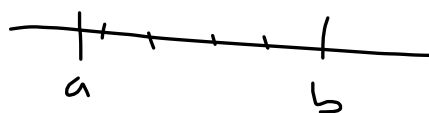
$$F = ma$$

$$A = \rho v$$

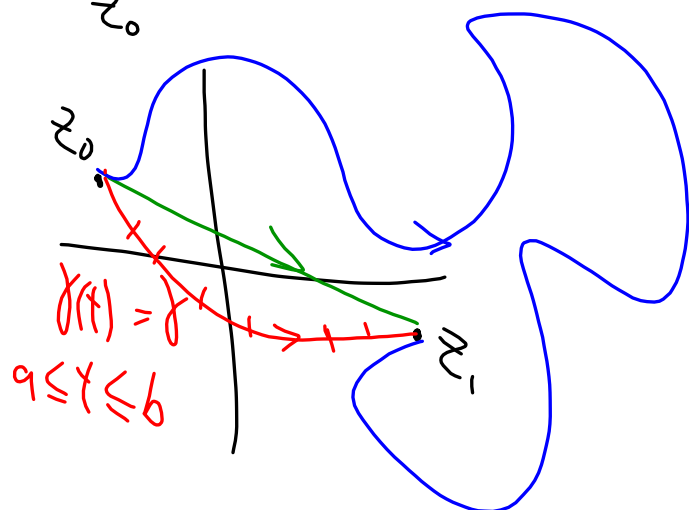
solb



$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{?} \sum f(x_i) \Delta x_i$$



$$\int_{z_0}^{z_1} f(z) dz = \lim \sum f(z) \Delta z$$



Integrate  $f(z) = z^2$  on

$$\int_0^{1+i} f(z) dz \approx \sum_{k=1}^5 f(z_k) \Delta z_k$$

$k$	$z_k$	$f(z_k)$	$\Delta z_k$	$f(z_k) \Delta z_k$
1			$.2 + .2i$	$-.004 + .004i$
2	$.3 + .3i$	$.18i$	'	$-.036 + .036i$
3	$.5 + .5i$	$.5i$	'	$-.1 + .1i$
4			'	$-.196 + .196i$
5	$.9 + .9i$	$1.62i$	$.2 + .2i$	$-.324 + .324i$
				$-.66 + .66i$

Evaluate  $\int_0^{1+i} z^2 dz$  on the path

$$\gamma(t) = t^2 + t^2 i, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$\gamma'(t) = \frac{d\gamma}{dt} = 1 + i$$

$$\int_0^{1+i} z^2 dz = \int_0^{1+i} [\gamma(t)]^2 d\gamma = \int_{\delta=0}^{\delta=1+i} [\gamma(t)]^2 \frac{d\gamma}{dt} dt$$

$$= \int_{t=0}^{t=1} (t+ti)^2 (1+i) dt$$

$$= \int_0^1 (-2t^2 + 2t^2 i) dt$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{2}{3}t^3 + \frac{2}{3}t^3 i \right]_0^1$$

$$= -\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}i$$

$$\begin{aligned} (t+ti)^2 &= 2t^2 i \\ (t+ti)^2 (1+i) &= 2t^2 i (1+i) \\ &= -2t^2 + 2t^2 i \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z^2) > 0$$

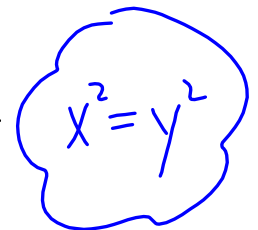
$$z^2 = (x+iy)^2$$

$$= x^2 + 2xyi - y^2$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z^2) = x^2 - y^2$$

$$x^2 - y^2 > 0$$

$$x^2 > y^2$$



$$\sqrt{x^2} = |x|$$

