

Assn 15

$$|\cos z| = \left| \frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2} \right|$$

$$= \frac{|e^{iz} + e^{-iz}|}{|2|}$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} (|e^{iz}| + |e^{-iz}|)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} (1+1)$$

= 1

← No!

$$|\cos z| = \left| \frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2} \right|$$

$$= \frac{|e^{iz} + e^{-iz}|}{|2|}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z &= x + iy \\ iz &= -y + ix \\ -iz &= y - ix \end{aligned}$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} (|e^{iz}| + |e^{-iz}|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (|e^{-y+ix}| + |e^{y-ix}|)$$

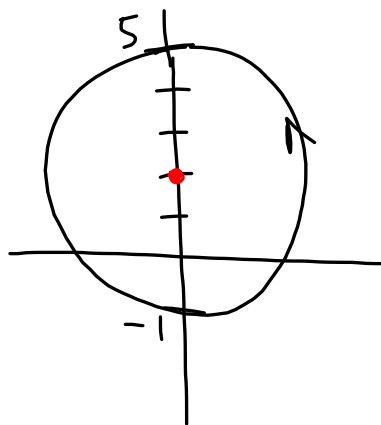
$$= \frac{1}{2} (|e^{-y}| |e^{ix}| + |e^y| |e^{-ix}|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (e^{-y} + e^y) = \cosh(y)$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} (e^{|y|} + e^{|y|})$$

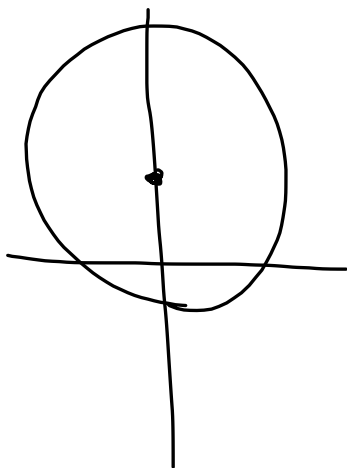
$$= \frac{1}{2} (2e^{|y|}) = e^{|y|}$$

$$\#2 \quad \gamma(\theta) = 2i + 3e^{i\theta}, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$



$$\begin{aligned} |z^2 + 5z - 2| &\leq |z^2| + |5z| + |-2| \\ &= |z|^2 + 5|z| + 2 \\ &\leq 25 + 25 + 2 \\ &= 52 \end{aligned}$$

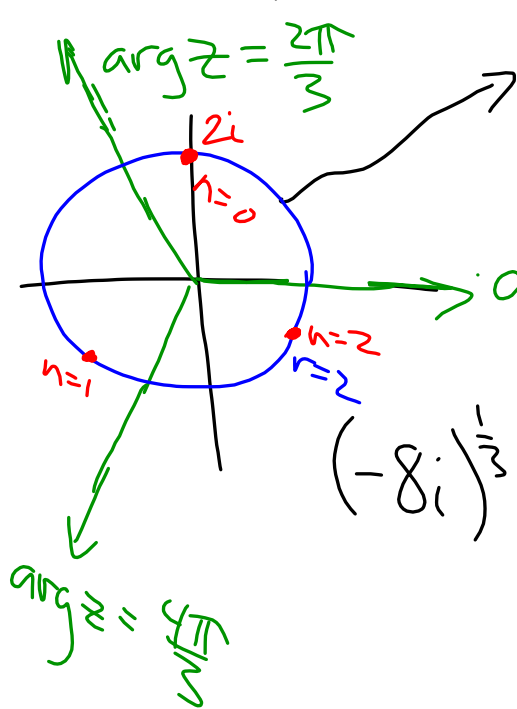
$$b) \left| \frac{z^2 + 5z - 2}{z - 2i} \right| = \frac{|z^2 + 5z - 2|}{|z - 2i|}$$



$$\leq \frac{5|z|}{|z - 2i|} \quad \left| \frac{z_1 - z_2}{z_1 + z_2} \right|$$

$$= \frac{5|z|}{3}$$

Assn. 15, #4



$$\{z \in \mathbb{C} : 0 \leq \arg z < \frac{2\pi}{3}\}$$

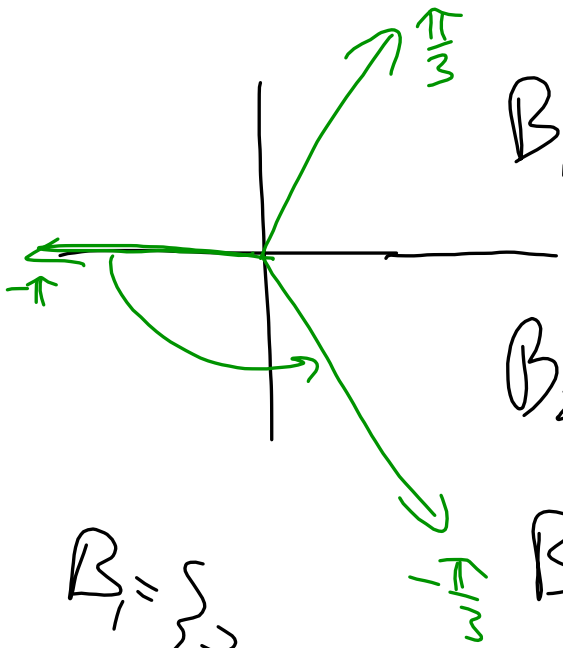
$$\{z : \frac{2\pi}{3} \leq \arg z < \frac{4\pi}{3}\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-8i)^{\frac{1}{3}} &= (8e^{\frac{3\pi}{2}i + 2\pi ni})^{\frac{1}{3}} \\ &= 2e^{(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2\pi}{3}n)i} \end{aligned}$$

$$n=2: = 2e^{(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{4\pi}{3})i}$$

$$= 2e^{\frac{11\pi}{6}i}$$

$$= 2\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i\right) = \underline{\underline{\sqrt{3} - i}}$$



$$B_1 = \left\{ z : -\pi \leq \arg z < -\frac{\pi}{3} \right\}$$

$$B_2 = \left\{ z : -\frac{\pi}{3} \leq \arg z < \frac{\pi}{3} \right\}$$

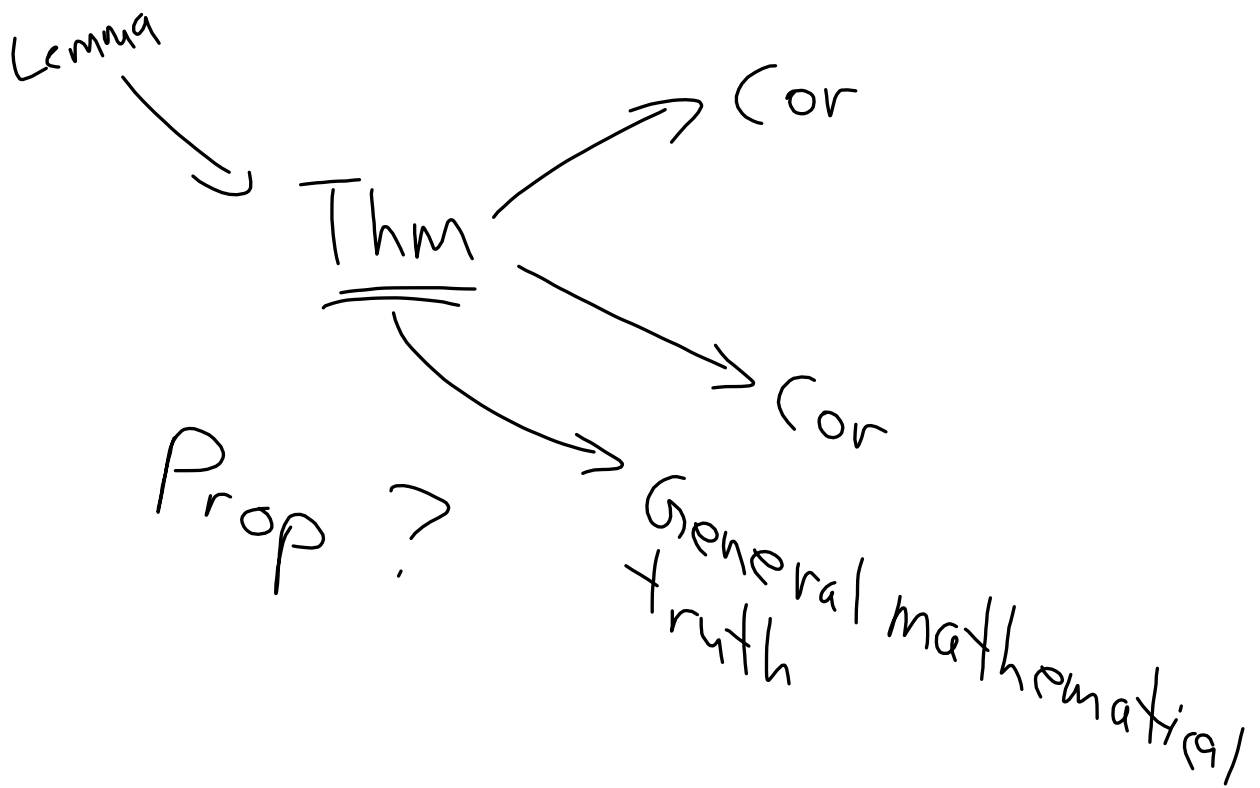
$$B_3 = \left\{ z : \frac{\pi}{3} \leq \arg z < \pi \right\}$$

$$B_1 = \left\{ z : \theta \leq \arg z < \theta + 2\pi \right\} = \left\{ r e^{i\theta} : \frac{\pi}{3} \leq \theta < \pi \right\}$$

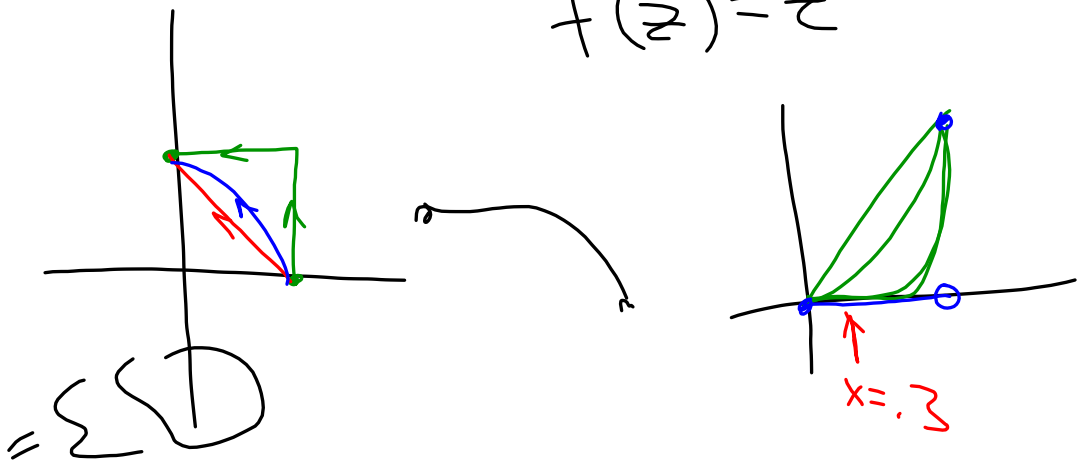
Pg. 10

Thm. 5.13:

$$\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz = F(\gamma(b)) - F(\gamma(a))$$



$$f(z) = z^2$$



$$f(z) = z + z + z + z + z + z + \dots$$

$$f'(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{n-1}$$

$$|e^{iz}| = |e^{i(x+iy)}|$$

$$= |e^{ix}| |e^{-y}|$$

$$= 1 e^{-y} \leq 1$$

