

Let  $a > 0$  be a constant. Find

$$\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-ax} dx.$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-ax} dx = \frac{1}{a^2} \quad \text{if } a > 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-\frac{x}{\beta}}$$

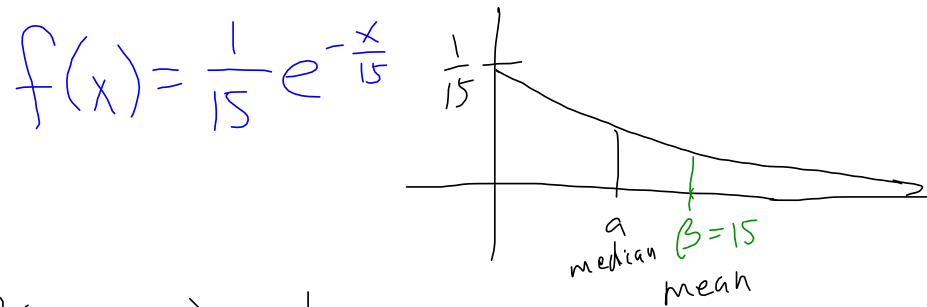
$x > 0$  ( $f(x) = 0$  if  $x \leq 0$ )

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x)$$

$$E(X) = \int_0^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-\frac{1}{\beta}x} dx = \frac{1}{\beta} \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-\frac{1}{\beta}x} dx = \frac{1}{\beta} \cdot \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\beta}\right)^2} = \beta$$

Exp dist,  $\beta = 15$ .  $P(X \leq 15) \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2}$

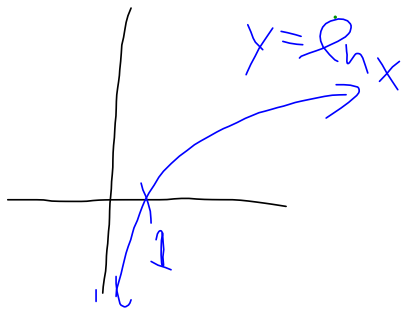
$$P(X \leq 15) = F(15) = 1 - e^{-\frac{15}{15}} = 1 - e^{-1} \\ = 0.6321$$



$$P(X < a) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(X < a) = F(a) = 1 - e^{-\frac{a}{15}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-\frac{a}{15}}$$



$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = \ln(e^{-\frac{a}{15}})$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{a}{15}$$

$$-15 \ln \frac{1}{2} = a$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 5x$$

$$f(x) = \sin 3x$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} f(x) = \int_1^x e^{-2t} dt \\ f(x) = \int_0^5 xt dt \end{array} \right\}$$

$$F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} t^2 e^{-st} dt$$

For Friday, Do 4.7:1-8  
due  
Skip 1b, for # four  
They change 13 sets  
of tires per hour





$$\int_0^b x e^{-ax} dx = -\frac{1}{a} x e^{-ax} \Big|_0^b + \frac{1}{a} \int_0^b e^{-ax} dx \quad u=x \quad dv=e^{-ax} dx$$

$$= -\frac{b}{a} e^{-ab} - \frac{1}{a^2} e^{-ax} \Big|_0^b \quad du=dx \quad v=-\frac{1}{a} e^{-ax}$$

$$= -\frac{b}{a} e^{-ab} - \frac{1}{a^2} e^{-ab} + \frac{1}{a^2}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-ax} dx = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b x e^{-ax} dx = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[ -\frac{b}{a} e^{-ab} - \frac{1}{a^2} e^{-ab} + \frac{1}{a^2} \right] = \frac{1}{a^2}$$